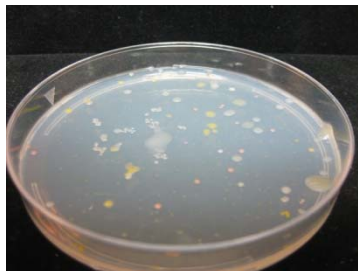




The Poplar Tree Microbiome. Implications of the Ecosystem Within

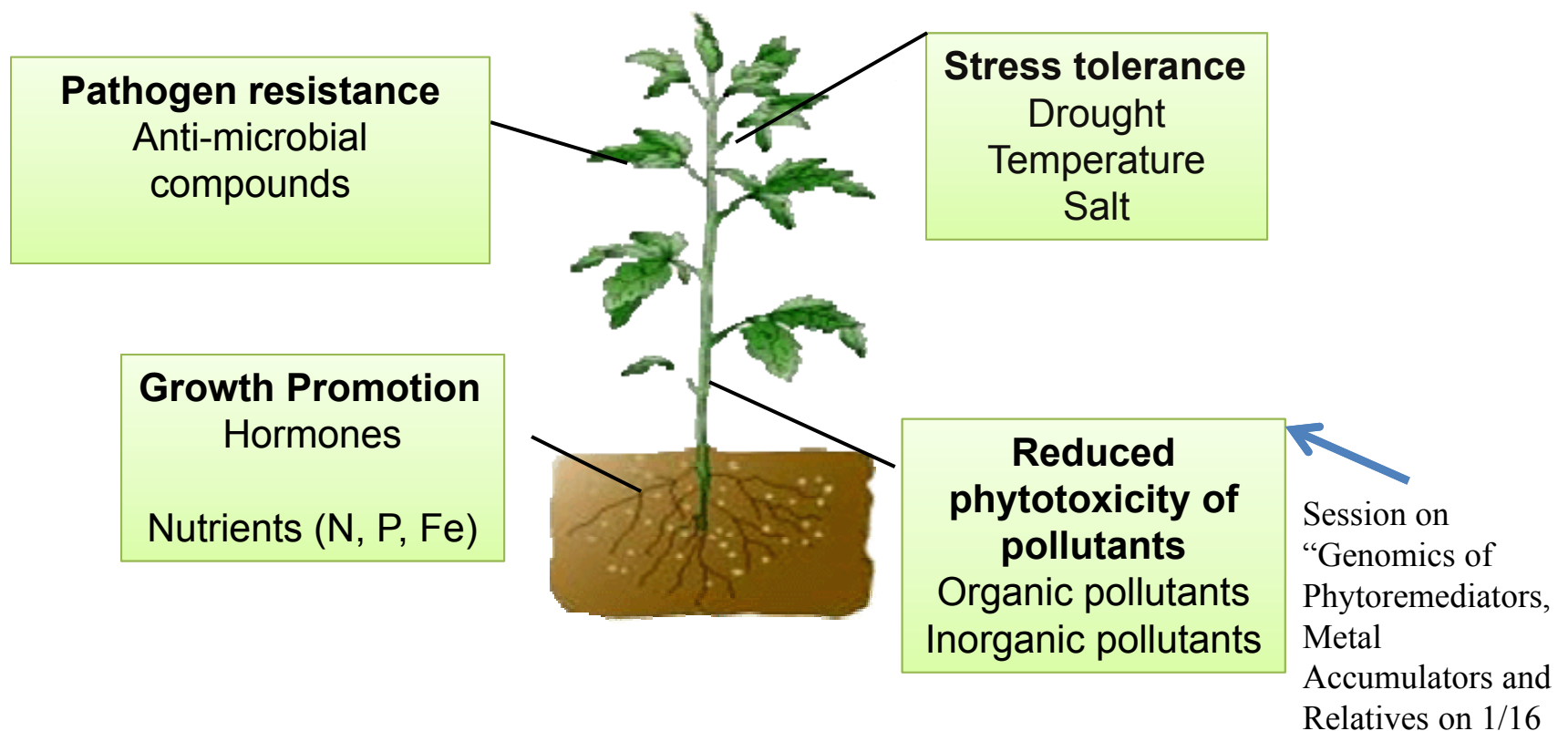
Prof. Sharon L. Doty
University of Washington, Seattle

Unpublished data were removed from this file for posting



The Plant Microbiome: Microbial communities within a plant

Benefits from endophytes



Hypothesis: Pioneer tree species use symbiosis with N-fixing (diazotrophic) endophytes to thrive in low-nutrient conditions



Rivers in the Pacific Northwest (USA) are fed by snow-melt from the mountains.
Total N is only 0.05 to 0.3 mg/L

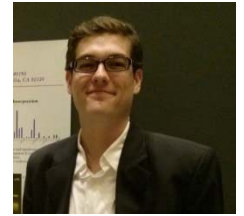


Direct evidence of N₂ fixation in poplar using the ¹⁵N₂ incorporation assay

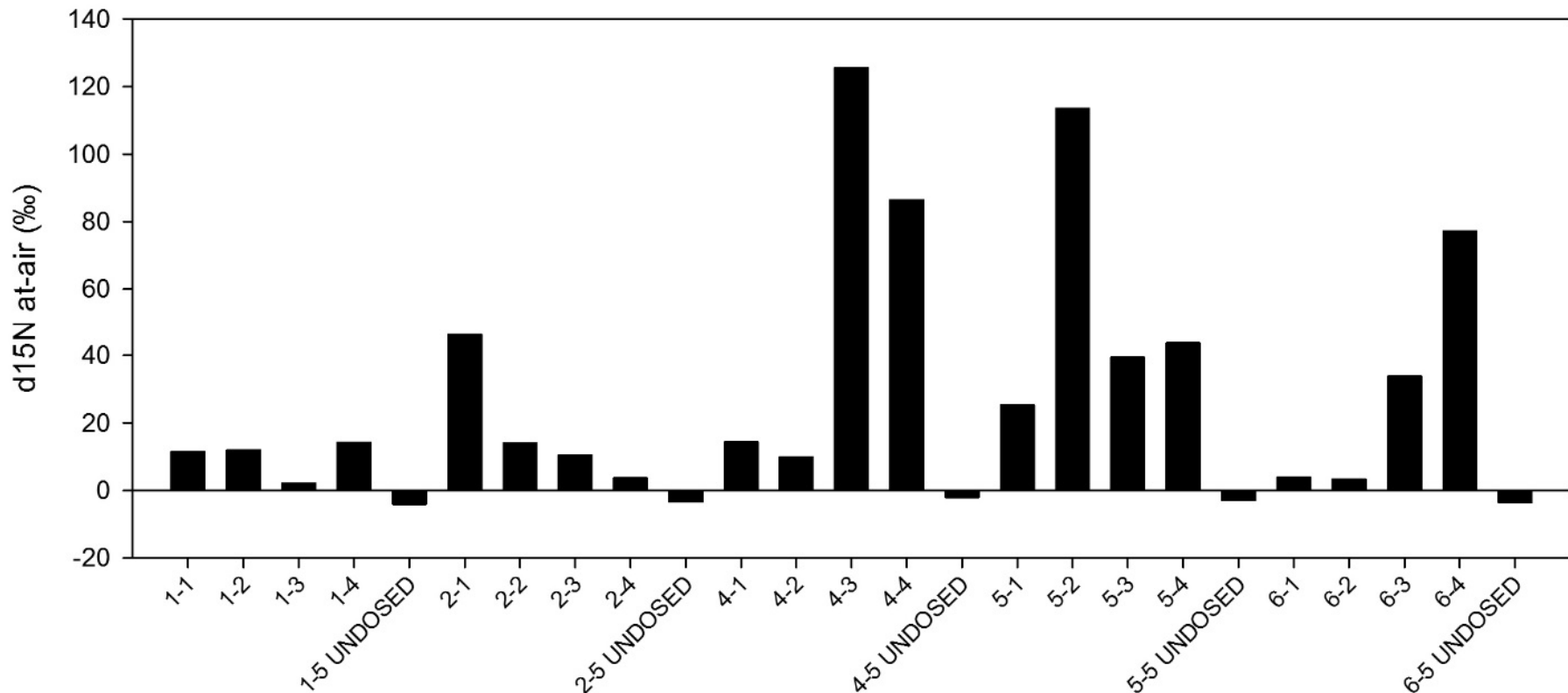


Doty, S.L., Sher, A.W., Fleck, N.D., Khorasani, M., Bumgarner, R., Ko, A., Khan, Z., Kim, S.H., and DeLuca, T. H. 2016 *PLOS ONE* 11(5):e0155979

Evidence of N₂ fixation in some poplar using the ¹⁵N₂ incorporation assay

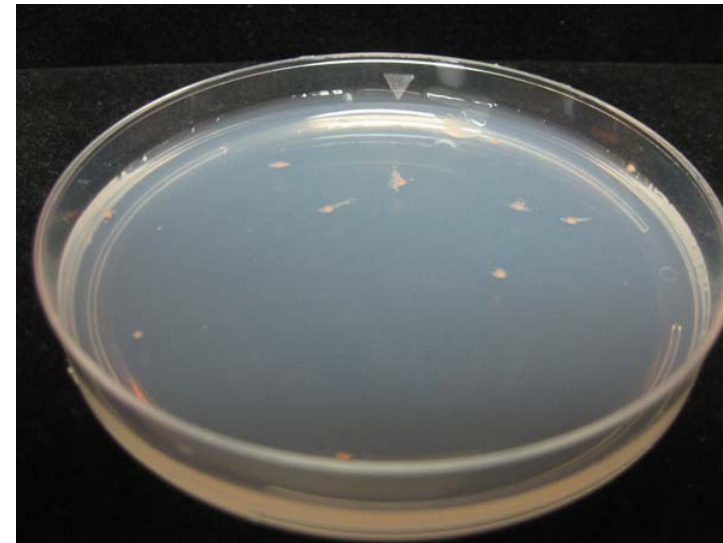
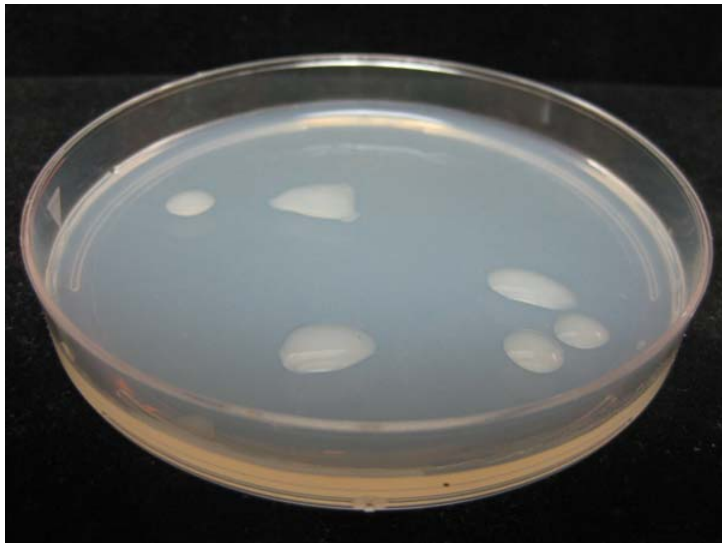
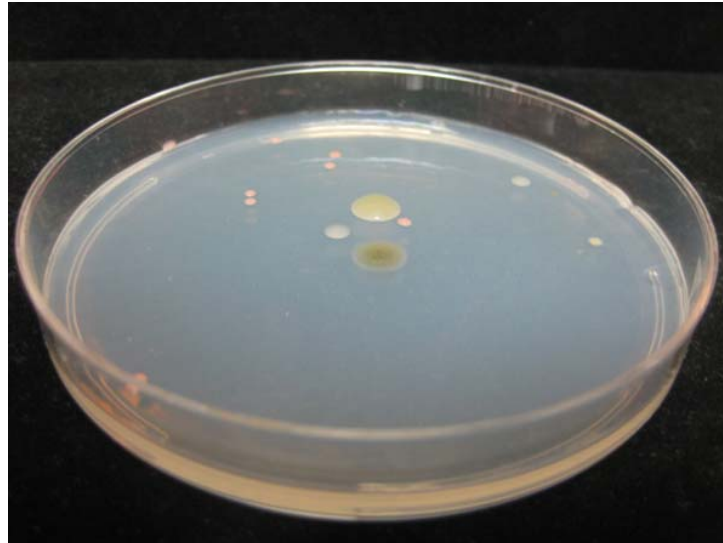
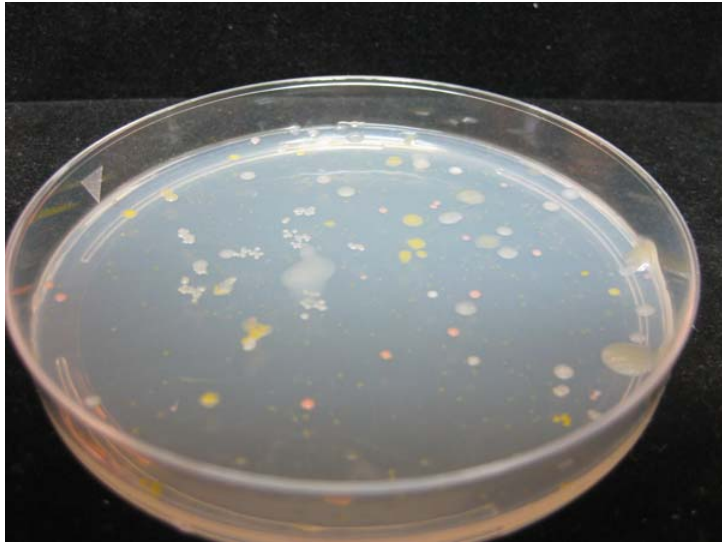


Andrew Sher



Doty, S.L., Sher, A.W., Fleck, N.D., Khorasani, M., Bumgarner, R., Ko, A., Khan, Z., Kim, S.H., and DeLuca, T. H. 2016 *PLOS ONE* 11(5):e0155979

The microbiota of wild poplar is highly variable in stem sections of the same plant



Examples of poplar & willow endophytes isolated from surface-sterilized branches

- *Rhizobium tropici*
- *Burkholderia* sp.
- *Herbaspirillum*
- *Pseudomonas graminis*
- *Rhanella* sp.
- *Sphingomonas* sp.
- *Acinetobacter* sp.
- *Enterobacter* sp.
- *Rhodotorula graminis*



Doty, S. L., et al. (2005) *Symbiosis* 39: 27-35

Doty, S. L., et al. (2009) *Symbiosis* 47: 23-33

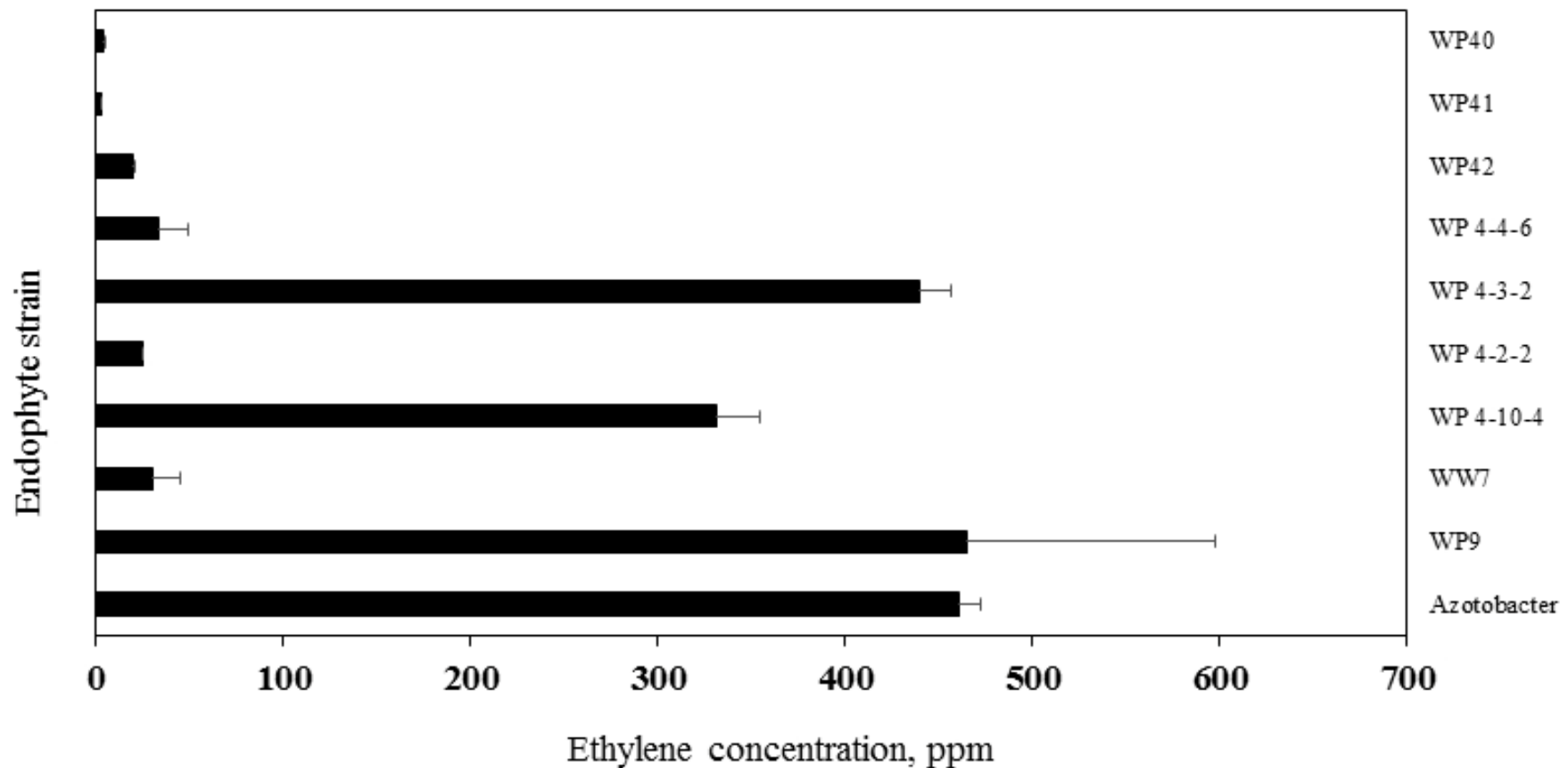
Xin, G., et al. (2009) *Biology and Fertility of Soils* 45:669-674

Firringioli, et al. (2015) *Frontiers in Microbiology* 6: 978

Nitrogen fixation activity of some poplar and willow endophytes (ARA)



Shyam Kandel



Shyam L. Kandel, Andrea Firrincieli, Natalie Leston, Kendra McGeorge, Patricia A. Okubara, Giuseppe Scarascia Mugnozza, Antoine Harfouche, Soo-Hyung Kim, and Sharon L. Doty. 2017. *Frontiers in Microbiology* Vol 8, #386

Can our current N-fixing* endophyte strains from wild poplar be used to increase the sustainability of hybrid poplar plantations?



* Growth on N-limited medium, ^{15}N incorporation, acetylene reduction assay, presence of *nifH* gene

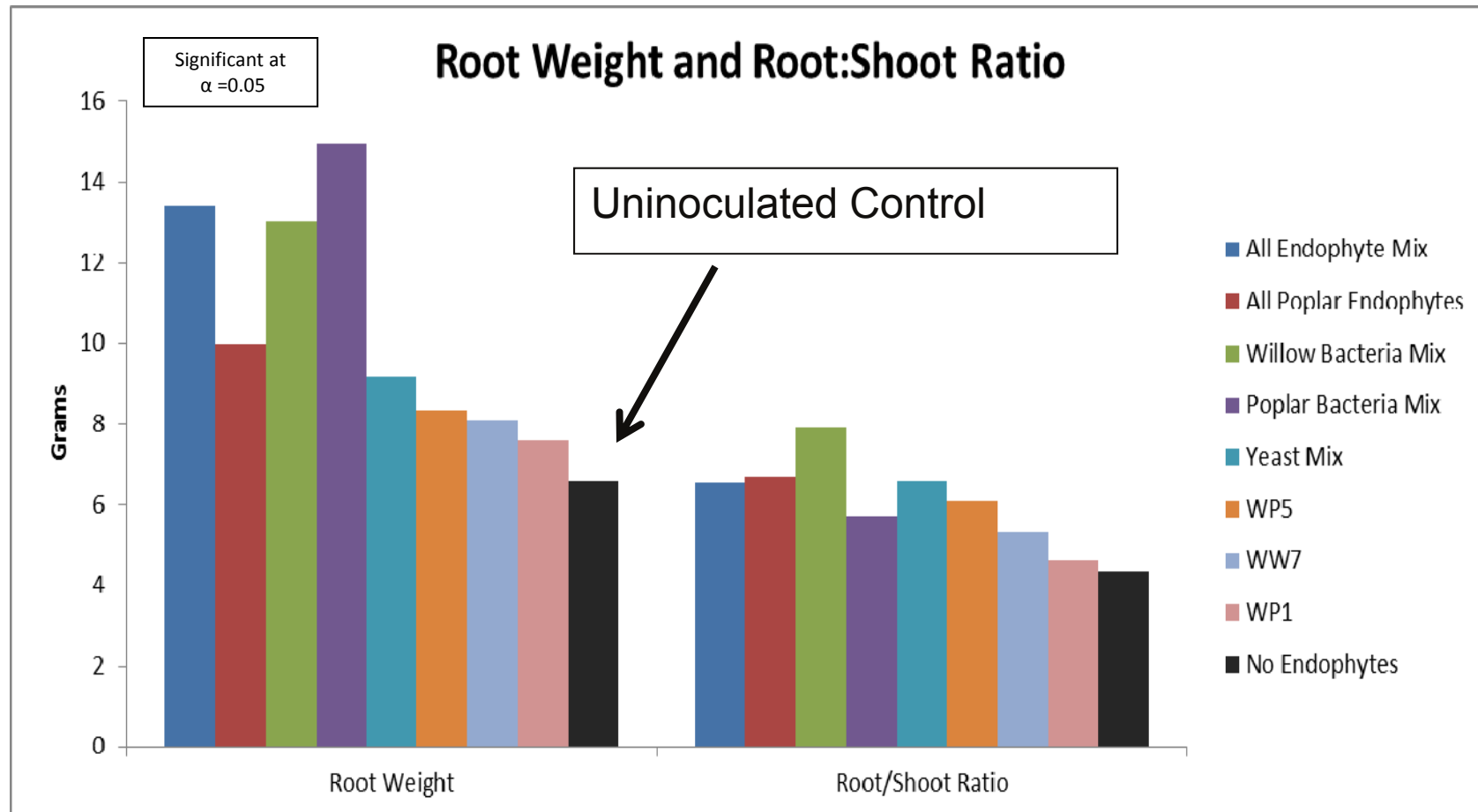


Advanced **Hardwood Biofuels** Northwest



Jenny Knoth

Root mass was doubled in *Populus trichocarpa* Nisqually-1 when endophytes were added



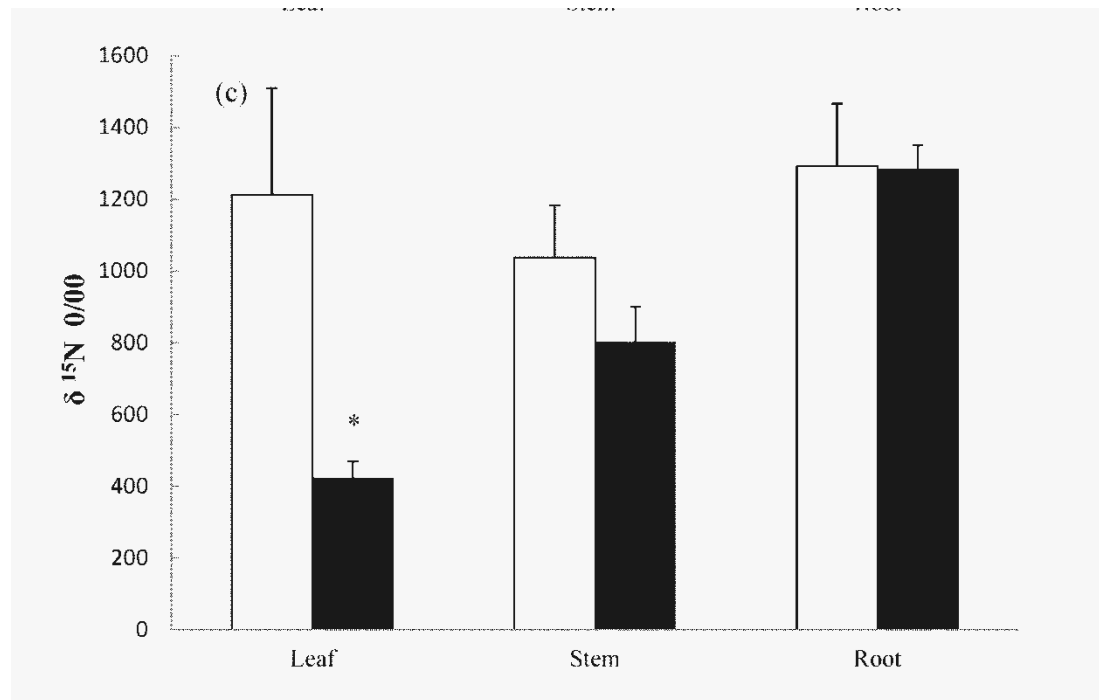
J. Knoth, et al (2014) *New Phytologist* 201:599-609





Jenny Knoth

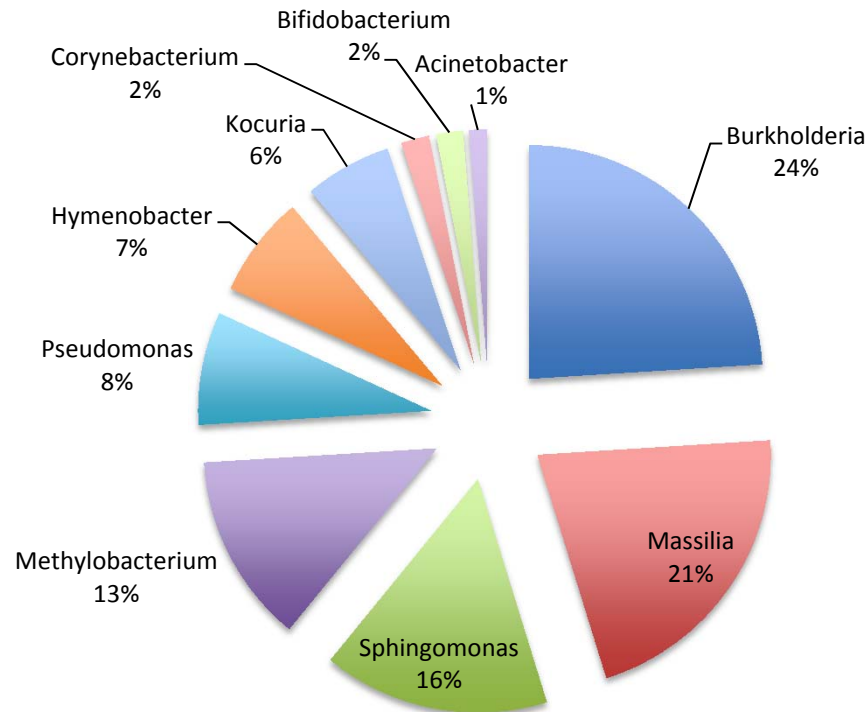
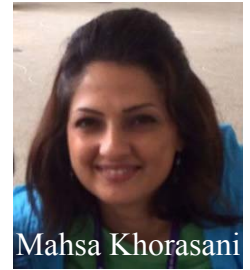
^{15}N dilution assay indicated that hybrid poplar inoculated with strains from wild poplar received 65% of the foliar N from biological nitrogen fixation



□ Un-inoculated controls
■ Inoculated with wild poplar endophytes

Knoth, et al (2014) *New Phytologist* 201:599-609

Wild poplar microbiome includes many potentially diazotrophic species

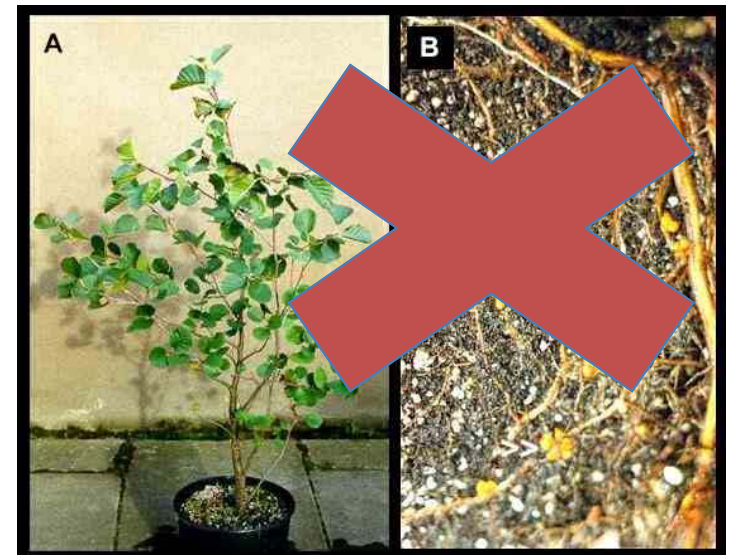


Leaf from Poplar 5

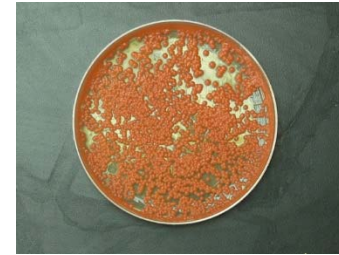
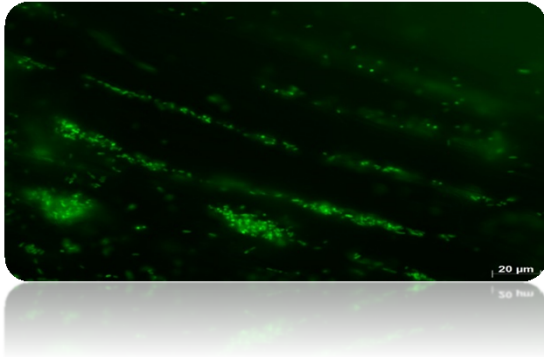
- NifH sequences included *Burkholderia*, *Sphingomonas*, *Azospirillum*, *Bradyrhizobium*, *Rhodospirillum*, *Methanococcus*, and more

Doty, S.L., Sher, A.W., Fleck, N.D., Khorasani, M., Bumgarner, R., Ko, A., Khan, Z., Kim, S.H., and DeLuca, T. H. 2016 *PLOS ONE* 11(5):e0155979

Implications for our N-fixation research: Helps Explain the Biology of *Populus*



**NOTE: Poplar and willow are
not nodulating species**



Can N-fixing endophytes of poplar and willow promote growth of other non-legume plants?



Increased growth and yields of inoculated plants grown in low-nutrient soil



Zareen Khan



Controls without added
endophytes

With endophyte added

Increased fruit yields



Dr. Zareen Khan

Treatment	Chocolate Cherry variety	Glacier variety
Inoculated	106	95
Control	63	43

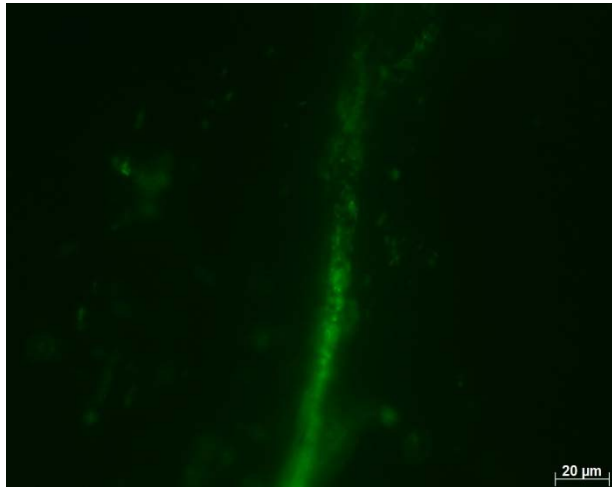


Khan, Z, Guelich, G., Phan, H., Redman, R., and Doty, S. L. 2012. *ISRN Agronomy*

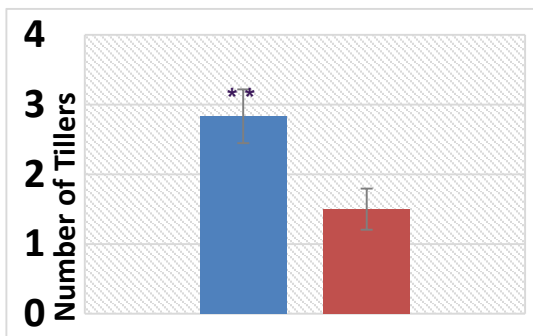


Shyam
Kandel

Colonization and growth enhancement of rice

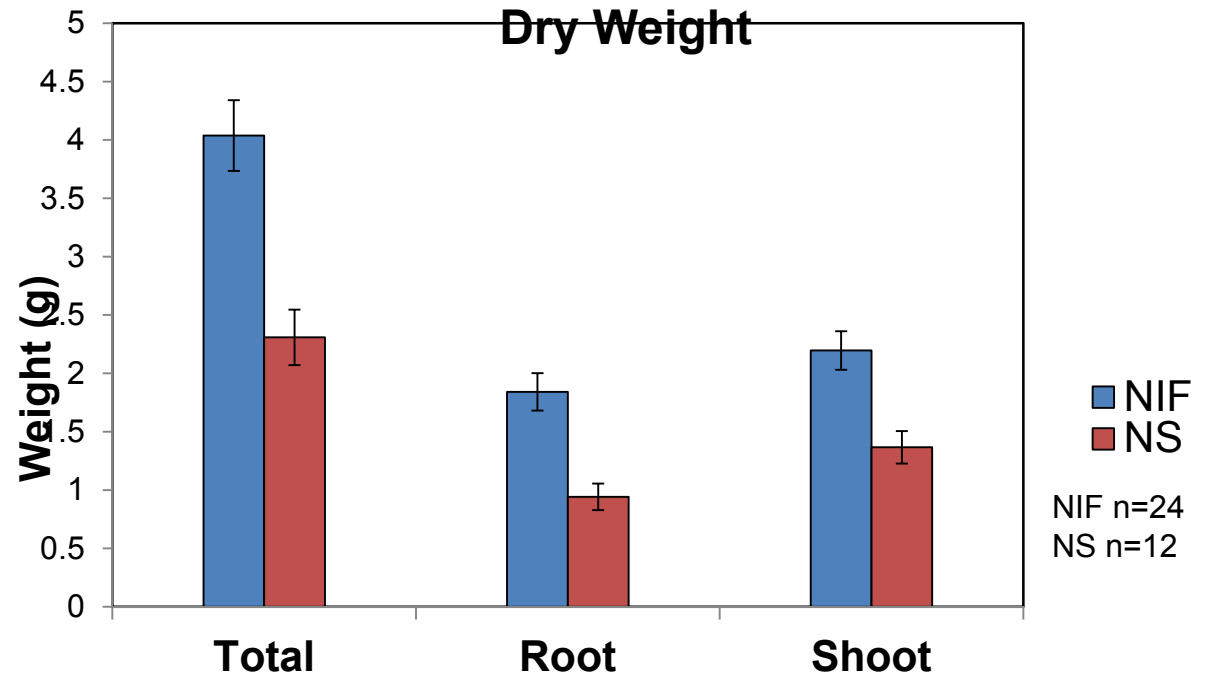


of Tillers



(Significance * * at $\alpha = <0.01$)

Inoculated (NIF) vs Non-Inoculated (NS)
Dry Weight

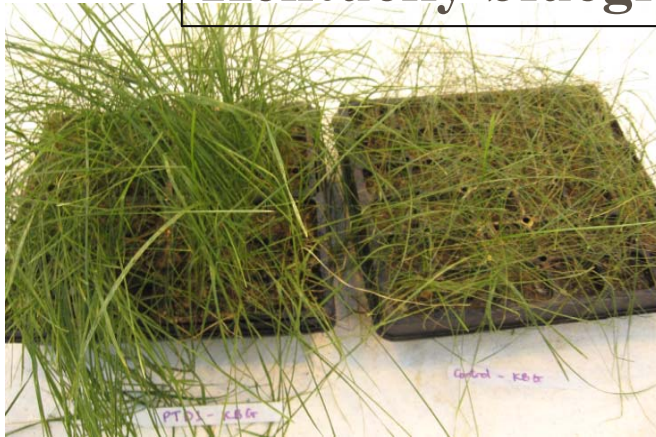


Endophytes improved turfgrass health and growth in low nutrient conditions



Zareen Khan

Kentucky bluegrass +/- PTD1



Wisconsin grass line +/- WP19



Khan, Z, Guelich, G., Phan, H., Redman, R., and Doty, S. L. 2012. *ISRN Agronomy*

Increased growth of Douglas-fir in nutrient-poor soil in response to endophyte consortium (8 strains) from poplar & willow

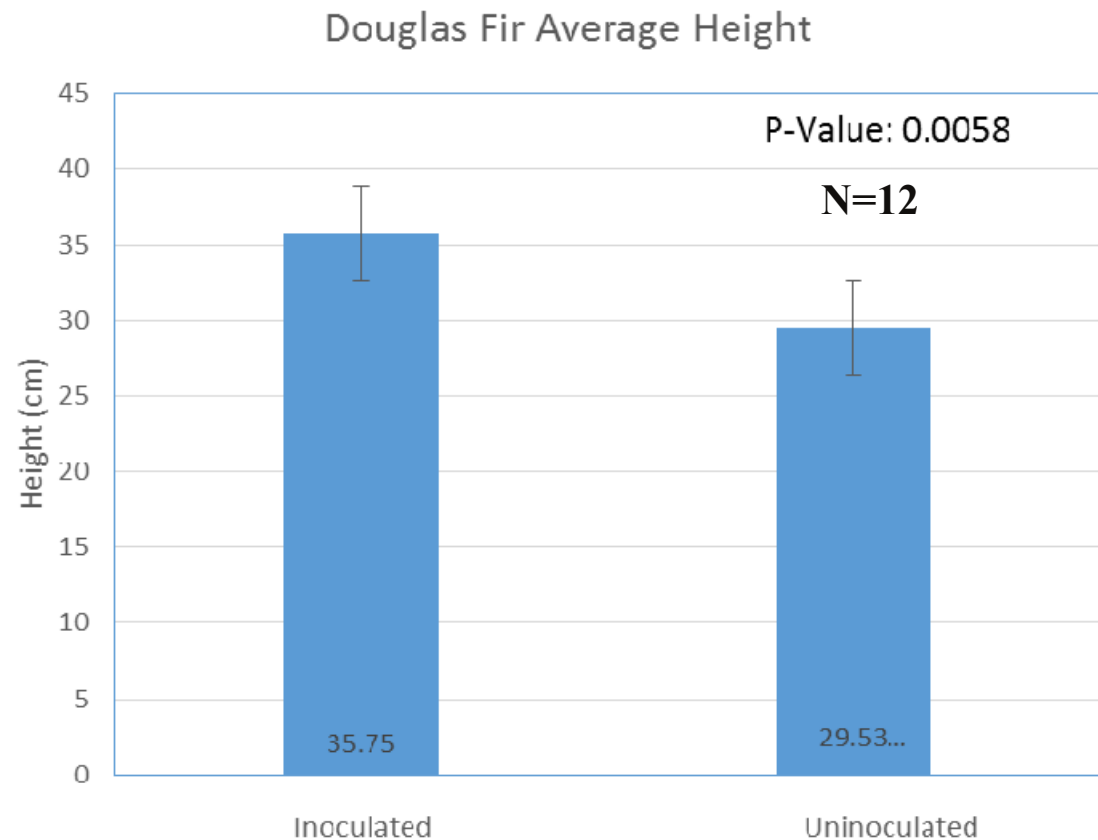


Zareen Khan



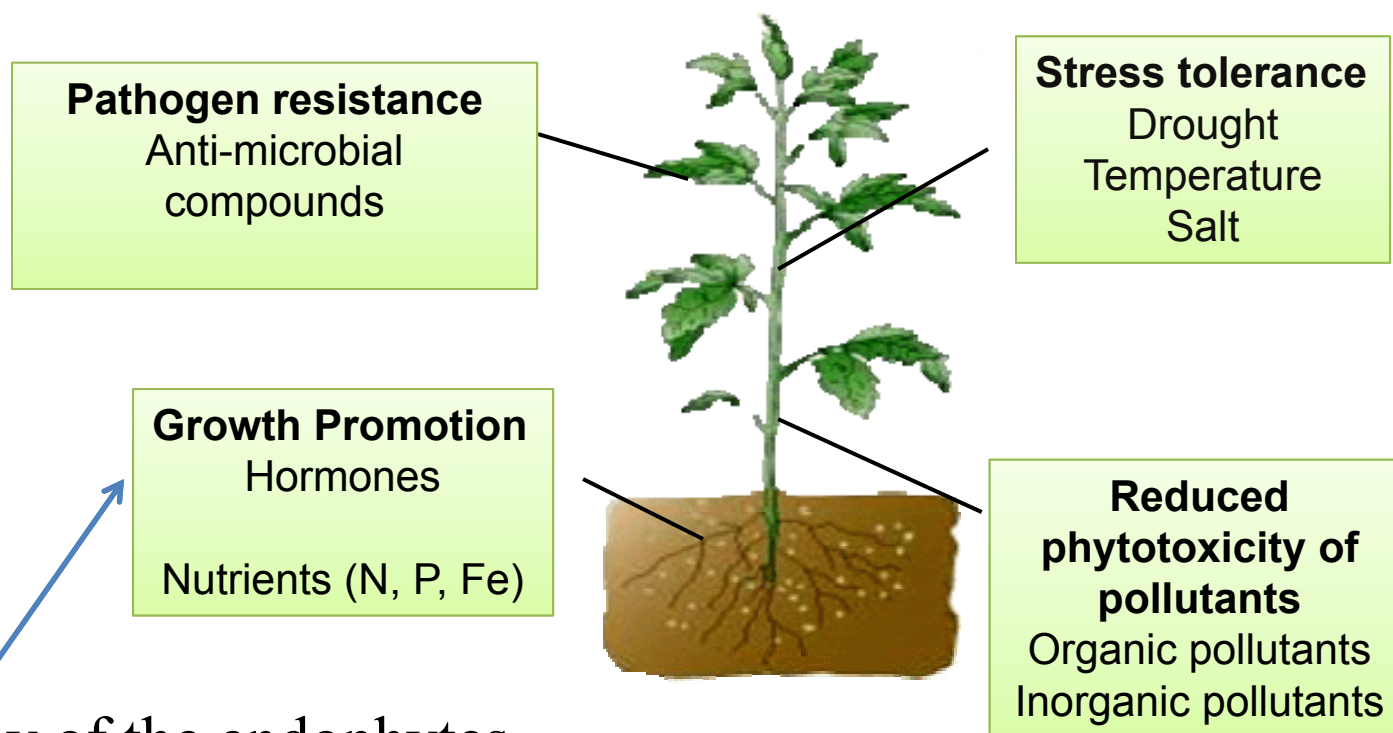
No added
microbes

With added
endophytes



The Plant Microbiome: Microbial communities within a plant

Benefits from endophytes

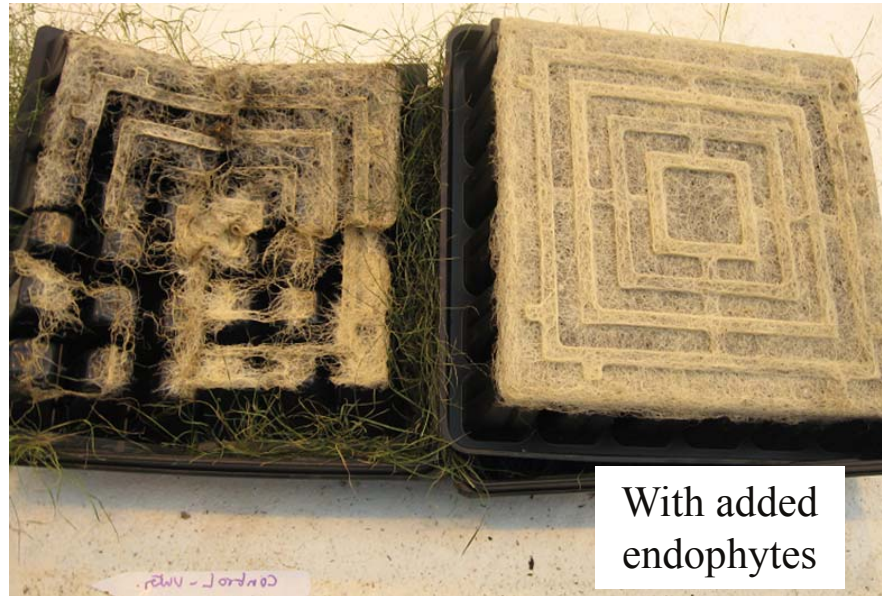


Many of the endophytes
produce the auxin, IAA

Addition of the endophytes from wild poplar and willow increases the rooting of a variety of plant species



With added
endophytes



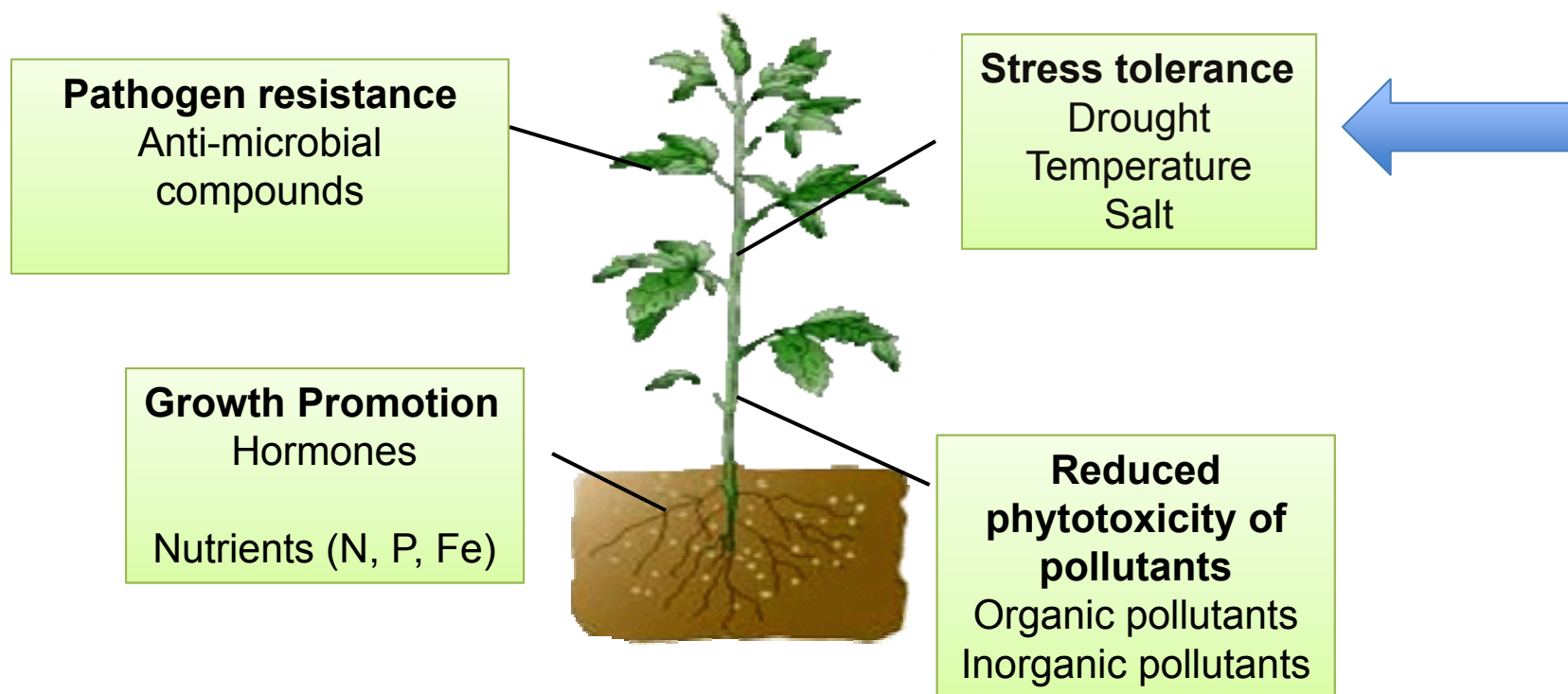
Khan, Z, et al. 2012. *ISRN Agronomy*

Khan, Z., Ramos, D. Ettl, G.,
Kim, S.H., and Doty, S.L. 2015
Forests 6:3582-3593

(Unpublished data showing increased rooting of recalcitrant *Populus deltoides* was
deleted for posting)

The Plant Microbiome: Microbial communities within a plant

Benefits from endophytes



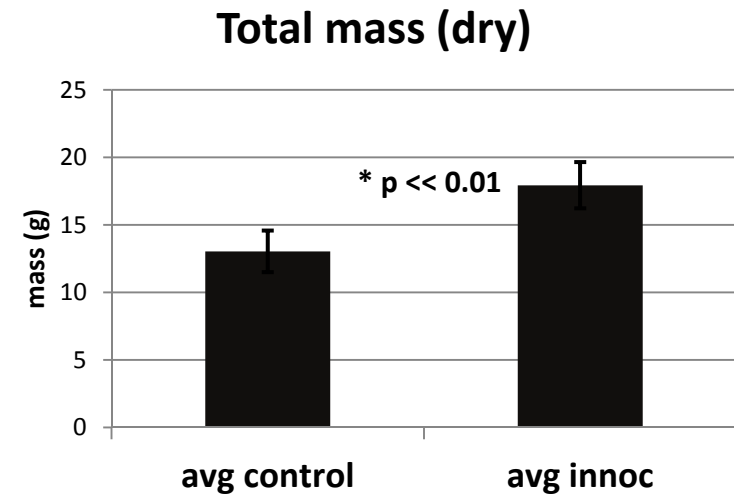
Hybrid poplar inoculated with endophytes from wild poplar and willow have increased growth and drought tolerance



Dr. Zareen Khan



**Poplar inoculated with endophytes
one month without watering**



Khan, Z., Rho, H., Firrincieli, A., Hung, S.H., Luna, V., Masciarelli, O., Kim, S.H., and Doty, S.L. 2016. *Current Plant Biology* 6:38-47

Several possible mechanisms for the endophyte-conferred drought tolerance

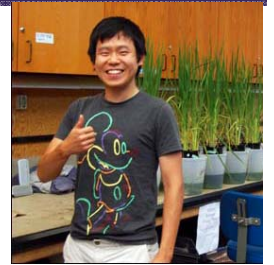
- Phytohormone production
 - IAA, ABA,
- Increased nutrients
- Reduction of ROS
- Genetic evidence for:
 - Osmolyte trehalose
 - VOCs Acetoin and 2,3-butanediol

Inoculated Control



Khan, Z., Rho, H., Firrincieli, A., Hung, S.H., Luna, V., Masciarelli, O., Kim, S.H., and Doty, S.L. 2016. *Current Plant Biology* 6:38-47.

Endophyte consortium increased water use efficiency (WUE) in rice



Tony Rho

- Unpublished data was removed from this file

Hyungmin Rho, et al (in review)

The Salicaceae endophytes improved drought tolerance of perennial rye grass

Under drought conditions, inoculated perennial rye grass had 60% more root biomass and 48% more shoot biomass



Reduced mortality of conifers under drought conditions



Matthew Aghai

- ***Western redcedar*** (*Thuja plicata*)
 - After two seasons of simulating seasonal moisture fluctuations
 - No mortality in wet treatment conditions
 - 50% mortality reduction in normal conditions
 - 90% mortality reduction in drought conditions
- Unpublished data was removed from this file

Matthew Aghai, Zareen Khan, Sharon Doty, and Gregory Ettl (unpublished)

Drought tolerance in rice



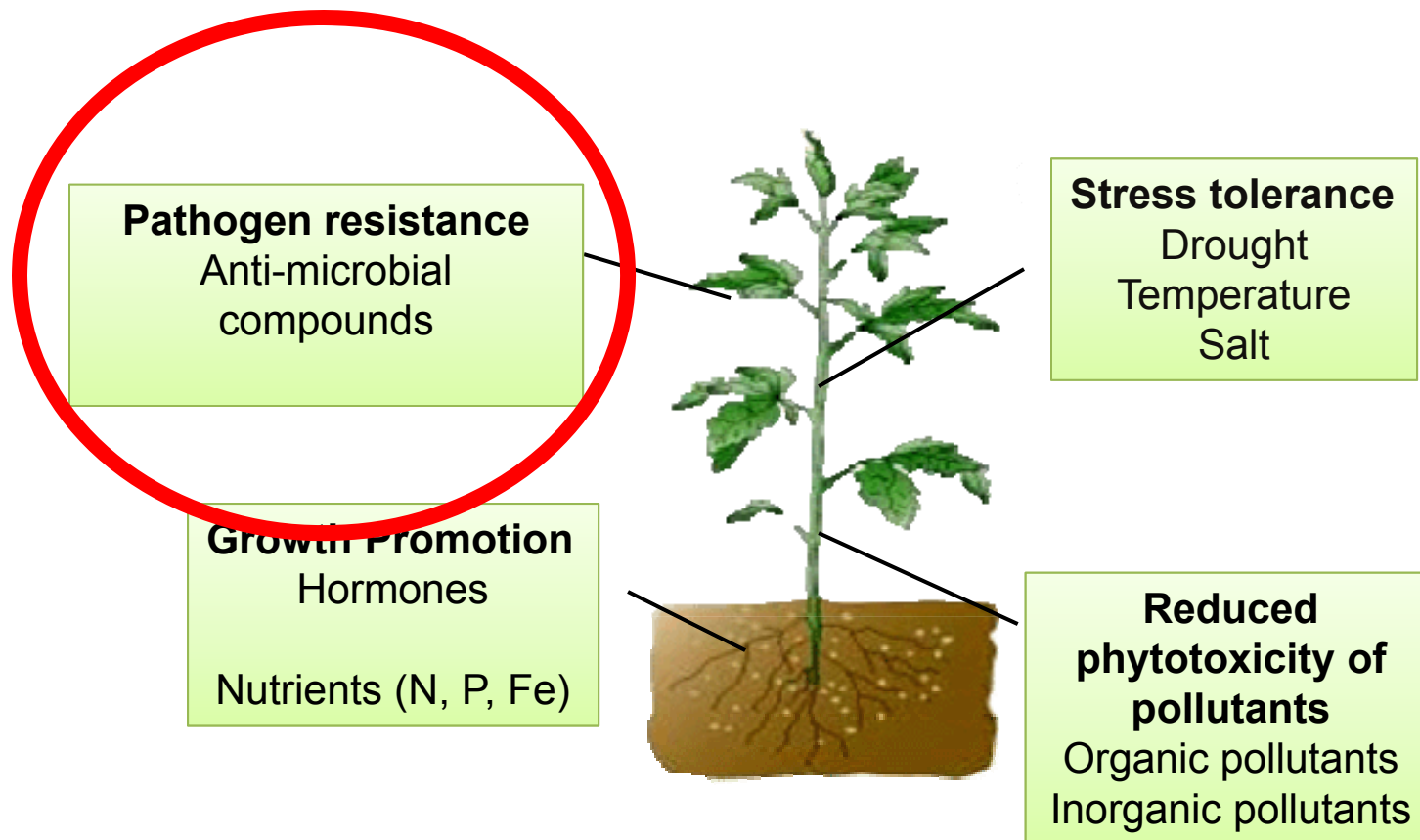
Shruti Parikh

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Harnessing the Power of Endophytes to Fight Fungal Pathogens of Crop Plants



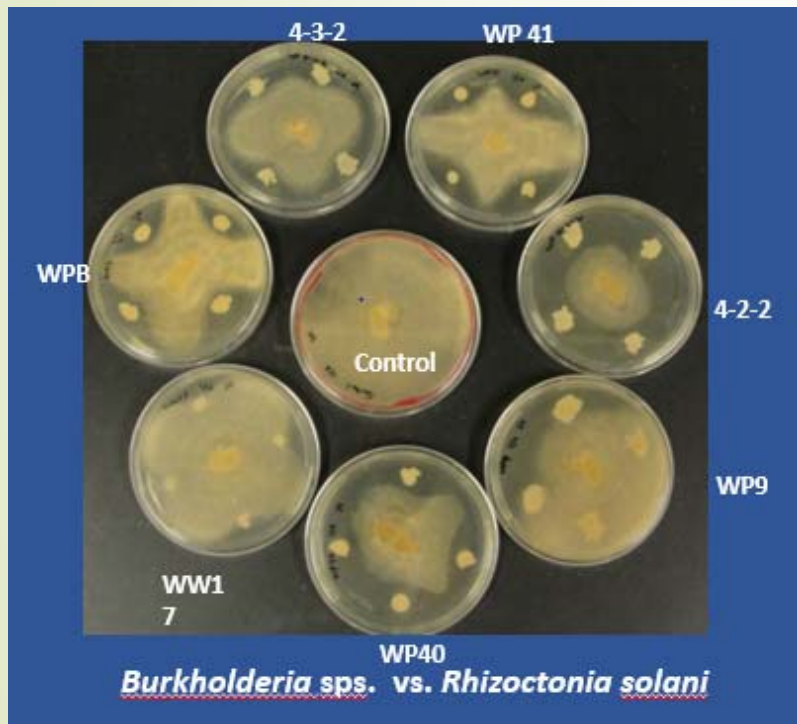
Pierre
Joubert



An *In vitro* Study of Bio-Control and Plant Growth Promotion Potential of Salicaceae Endophytes



Shyam
Kandel



- Dual plate inhibition assays
- Volatile inhibition assays
- *Burkholderia* species had especially strong activity

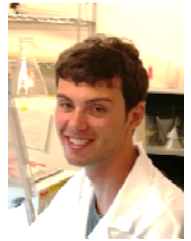


Burkholderia vietnamiensis WPB



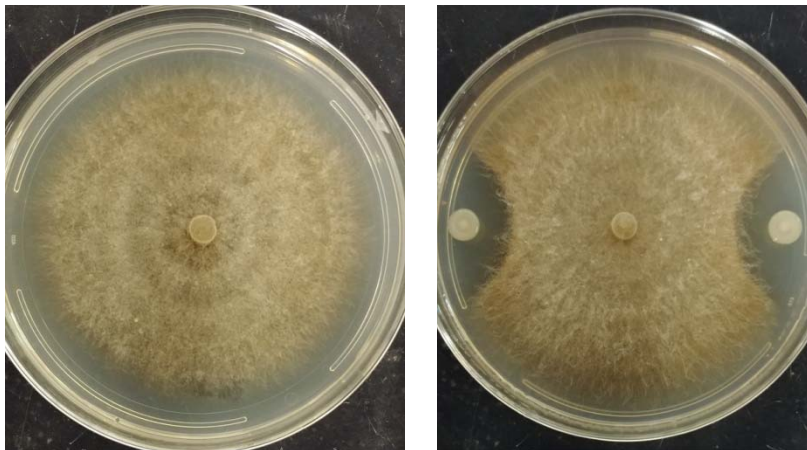
Kandel et al., 2017

Bio-Control of Several Agriculturally-Important Pathogens

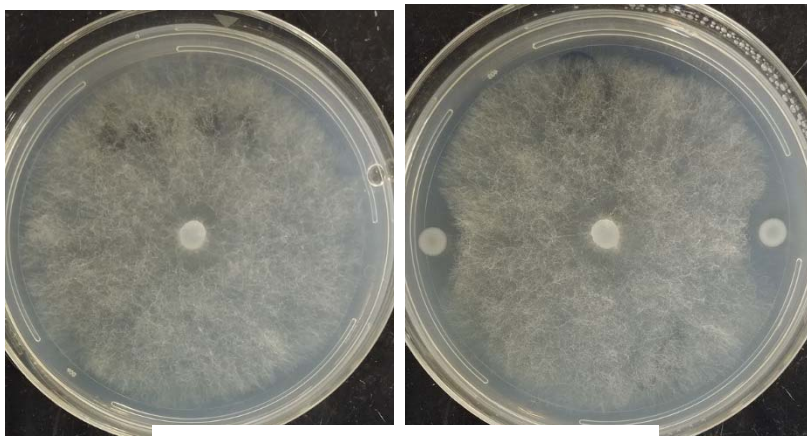
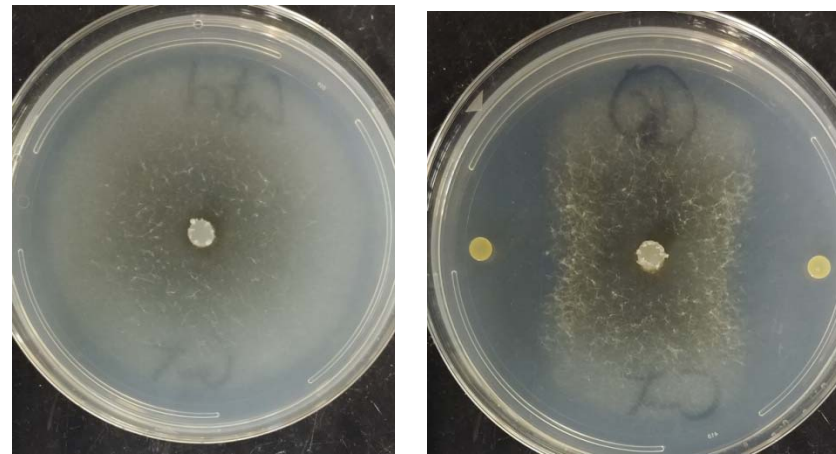


Pierre
Joubert

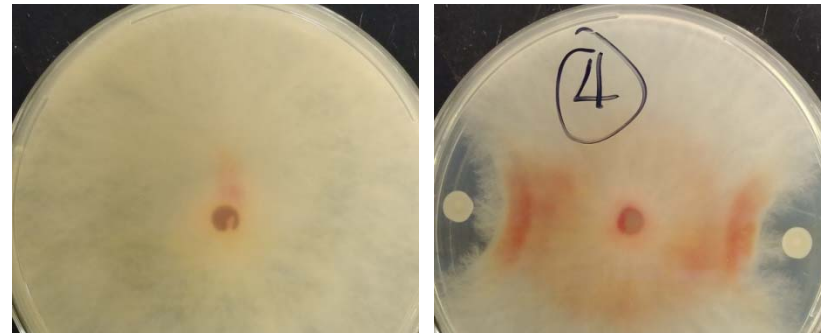
***Rhizoctonia solani* AG-8**



***Gaeumannomyces
graminis* var. *tritici* (GGT)**



Pythium ultimum



Fusarium culmorum

Implications for this research: Endophytes For Sustainable Agriculture, Forestry, and Biomass Production



MICROBIOLOGY

Leaf bacteria fertilize trees, researchers claim

Free-living nitrogen fixers defy textbooks and could boost crop production

Elizabeth Pennisi 2015 *Sciencemag.org* 348:6237

Probiotics - Good for Plants, Soil

Endophytic nitrogen-fixation applicable to most crop plants

Joe Funk, editor *Seed Today* 3rd Quarter 2015

MNN.com > Home > Organic Farming & Gardening

Do plants need probiotics too?

Good bacteria could be a positive alternative to chemical fertilizers for food crops.



ENVIRONMENT | NEWS RELEASES | RESEARCH | SCIENCE

September 19, 2016

[Home](#)

Probiotics - for plants

July 08, 2015

By Kaine Korzekwa

Microbes help plants survive in severe drought

Implications for this Research: Climate Change Mitigation

- Plants can increase C sequestration only if nutrients and water are not limiting
- Using more chemical fertilizers is inconsistent with mitigation

Science Panel Calls Global Warming 'Unequivocal'



Dan Crosbie/Canadian Ice Service
Polar bears on chunks of glacial ice in the Bering Sea in 2004. Much higher temperatures are forecast for the Arctic, climate scientists say.

Endophytes can promote plant growth naturally through improved nutrient acquisition, phytohormone production, & stress tolerance

Funding and technology provided by:



NSF Energy for
Sustainability program

AFRI bioenergy program and NIFA climate change mitigation programs



United States Department of Agriculture
National Institute of Food and Agriculture



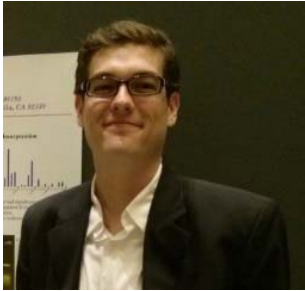
McIntire-Stennis
program



Byron and Alice Lockwood
Foundation Professorship



Students and staff involved in the presented research



Andrew Sher



**Mahsa
Khorasani**



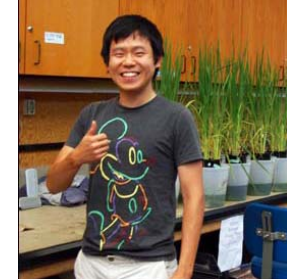
**Shyam
Kandel**



Pierre Joubert



Jenny Knoth



Tony Rho

Also the undergraduate researchers especially Grant Guelich, Beverly Hung, Daniela Ramos, Jack Emery, Nick Wegley, and Shruti Parikh



Zareen Khan



Matthew Aghai



Andrea Firrincieli



Thanks to Intrinsyx for moving our research to the field

**Special thanks to Co-PI's
Assoc. Prof.
Soo-Hyung Kim
and Greg Ettl**



**Doty Lab Website:
<http://depts.washington.edu/envaplab>**

Thanks to Illumina for filming us! Adventures in Genomics video, “*Power of Plant Partnerships*”